For New York and Its Vicinity:

Showers and thunder storms; cooler;

westerly winds.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1897. - COPYRIGHT, 1897, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. Hildebrandt robbery, was locked up at Newark, N. J. This improper identification has practically destroyed any future identification of Miller, so far as Hildebrandt is concerned."

After disclosing this interesting news about the Brentano robbery Capt. O'Brien in his statement has this to say about Dan Noble and the Hildebrandt robbery, and tackies Capt. Mornhan of the Twenty-eighth precinet:

"Now a word in regard to Dan Noble, Big Frank McCoy, and others of that lik. Vernon H. Davis, ex-Assistant District Autorney, can establish the fact of my eagerness, through some personal reasons, to secure an indictment against the notorious Dan Noble, who is at present an escaped convict from State prison in this State, but who, unfortunately, up to the present time it has been found impossible to obtain any prison official or police officer, then in authority, who eam go forward and identify him as a convict who escaped so many years ago."

Finally, Capt. O'Brien tells the story of his visit to the District Attorney's office practically as it appeared in THE Six y yesterday morning, He denied that there had been any row or that he will not let any man call him down, no matter how high his official position might be. He says that Mr. Otcott agreed with him that the publication of Dalton's confession was very unwise. He intimates that he knows Assistant District Attorney Lloyd declares

LYNCHED TWO NEGRO WOMEN.

They Were Suspected of Potenting a Family and a Nob Banged Them.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., May 12.-Two negro wo

men, Mollie Smith and Mandy Franks, were

lynched by a mob last night on the road leading

ng was the work of about twenty men, and, so

far as is known, no clue to their identity has

After the lynching the mob dispersed, but as

Fulrham and deputies left for the scene and are

making an investigation of the affair. The

bodies of the women were found early this morn

following night several members of the family

and a number of guests were poisoned, but they

On last Friday morning more of the family

showed symptoms of poisoning. Suspicion was

directed to the bouse girl, Mollie Smith. She

was put under a close watch, and was taken

into custody last night while making her way

toward the Tennessee line. She were a pair of

men's boots. Mandy Franks, believed to be her

accomplice, was arrested at her home. The

place of execution chosen was at the edge of the

It is said that Mandy Franks confessed that

she had taken part in the crime. She said Mollie Smith poisoned the coffee two months ago and

the sausage on the following night. She also

confessed that she poisoned the flour last week

at the instigation of Mollie Smith. She did it

while taking the food from the pantry to the

A fence rail was placed from one tree to an

other, and over this ropes were thrown and the

MISS WILLIAMS THE CULPRIT.

The Girl Whose Error Rade It Secondry to Call the Legislature Togother.

She said that on the last day of the session

Frank Bergen, the Elizabeth lawyer, who was

one of the leaders of the anti-race track crusade

SAVED HIS SON'S BODY.

Mr. Collins Found It About to Be Bevoted to

Science in a Medical College.

Sr. Louis, Mo., May 12.-With his head bowed

in grief Thomas Collins, Esq., landed proprietor

and prominent lawyer of Hamilton, Ontario, left

St. Louis this morning for his home. In the

baggage car of the same train was the body of

his only son, Daniel. Mr. Collins arrived in St.

Louis late on Monday, and yesterday he found

the body of his boy in a pickling vat at the Marion Sims Medical College, where it was be-

ELKTON BANK ROBBERT.

the City Marshal.

OTTUMWA, Ia., May 12.-Detectives have suc

eeded in clearing up the mystery in connection

with the robbery of the Bradley Bank at Elkton

on the morning of Feb. 1, when the safe was

blown open and \$6,200 taken. The instigator.

Stevens, the City Marshal of Elkton, has con-

fessed and is under arrest, with Dick Dodd, a

THEIR MARRIAGE ANNULLED.

The Bridegroom Was 16 Years Gld and the

Bride Only a Year Older.

WHITE PLAINS, N.Y., May 12 .- In the Supreme

Court to-day a jury annulled the marriage of

Harold M. Wise and Elizabeth Roma Wise of

New Rochelle. The suit was begun by Julia C

Stivers, the mother and guardian of the hus

band, on the ground that he was a minor wher

he contracted the marriage. The wife is a niece

of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. When they were

married on Jan. 5, 1896, Wise was only 16

rears oid, and his wife a year older. Mayor strong of New York city performed the ceremony in the City Hall in the presence of Mrs. Stivers's husband. When the question regarding their age was asked. Wise said he was 18 years old. Mrs. Wise will appeal the case. Two weeks ago Judge Keogh granted her \$8 a week alimony.

CHICAGO, May 12.-The State Supreme Court

-day sustained the constitutionality of the in

determinate sentence act in the case of Charles

E. George, an attorney convicted of embezzle

ment. It also decided that an attorney who col-lected money for a client was acting as agent as well as attorney. This resulted in the convic-tion of George. The specific charge against George was that of appropriating \$150 he col-lected for a client to his own use.

Standard Oli Certificates at \$15.

Another record was made by Standard Oil liquidating certificates yesterday, sales being made on the curb at 315, or two points above

The Mystery Cleared Up by the Coufe

two women were drawn up and left hanging.

oad in a stretch of woods.

mistake was hers.

ing by people passing along the road.

recovered.

from the town of Jeff to this city. The lynch

PRELIMINARY STEP TOWARD PRE PARING TO OUTLINE IT.

Centerence Setween the President, Secre therman, and Members of the Foreign Re-Intlens Committee - It May Besult in the Passage of the Morgan Resolution

WASHINGTON, May 12 .- President McKinley, Secretary Sherman, and members of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate have been in conference this afterneon and to-night on the Cuban question. The Administration is preparing to outline a Cuban policy, and as a preliminary step the President is auxious to secure the tmost harmony of action between the State Department and Congress, and also to have the public fully understand the facts upon which he will base that policy. The debate in the Senate during the present week on the joint resolution of Senator Morgan, providing for the recognition of belligerency and the maintenance strict neutrality on the part of the United Brates, has not been entirely satisfactory, either to the friends or opponents of the resolution, mainly because of the repeated charge that the State Department has not seen fit to fully advise the Senate as to the nature of all the reports on file in the State Department from representatives of the United States in Spain and Cuba.

It is maintained by the opponents of the reso-lution that the State Department is doing every-thing possible to meet the expressed views of Congress, but they are not able to deny that the charges brought by Senators Morgan, Almunications received from Consul-General Lee and other agents of the United States, which are, of course, of the utmost im-portance, have been withheld even from the members of the Foreign Relations Committee. It is now proposed to meet this charge by send-ing to the Foreign Relations Committee, in confidence, every scrap of information on the files of the State Department in relation to the Cuban question. Then, as a second step in the policy, the Morgan resolution, which by general consent went over to-day, pending the conference between the President and the Senators, is to be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, which will thereupon decide what part of the in-

formation to make public.

The President told the Senators to-day that it should at once be put in possession of every re-port received by the State Department. For several days past the State Department officials, under the direction of Judge Day, the First Assistant Secretary, have been preparing this information for transmission to the Senate committee, and to-night it was laid before the members of the sub-committee, who to-day talked with the President. This committee met at the residence of Secretary Sherman, and it is thought that, as the result of their conference, the bulk of the State Department's reports will be made public at once, perhaps to-morrow. Although no definite statement has been made by any responsible official of the Administration, it is generally believed that President McKinley will not proclaim his Cuban policy, even if he has yet decided what that policy will be, until Mr. Calhoun, the special commissioner whom he

sent to Cuba, shall return. One important reason for the present activity of the Administration and the Committee on Foreign Relations in their attempt to map out a ous Culan policy is their desire to counteract the effect of Senator Foraker's speech in the Senate yesterday. It is learned from those who talked with the President to-day that he was very much surprised at what the Senator had to say about the attitude of the Administration on the Cuban question, and inclined to be somewhat annoyed at some of his statements, chiefly because they were accepted, whether properly or not, as being inspired by the President himself. Mr. Foraker's statement as to the President's policy was brought out by a question directed to him by Senator Allen of Nebraska, one of the most enthustastic friends of Cuba in the Senate. Mr. Foraker has said that the Administration has a Cuben policy, and that in due time it would take action in accordance with it. Then Mr. Allen abruptly asked the Senator what that policy is. To this Mr. Foraker replied:

The policy of the Administration as to matter, as I understand it, is to ascertain at once, beyond peradventure, what are the exact conditions existing in Cuba. It has taken steps in that direction. It has sent its duly authorized agent there to make the inquiry. It will be but a short time until a report is made to the Administration—a report made by the Administration—a report made by the Administration's own representative—a report upon tration's own representative—a report upon which the Administration will be warranted in taking action."

Secretary Sherman, it is understood, is na ticularly annoyed at the statement that the President has sent a duly authorized agent to Cuba to make inquiries. The Administration has been very desirous of creating the impression that the mission of Mr. Calhoun to Cube was simply to investigate the facts of the murder of Dr. Ruiz. With this understanding the Commissioner goes to Cuba with the sanction of the Spanish Government; but, of course, Mr. Calhoun will investigate all phases of the Cuban question and it is fair to presume that the President will be guided largely in his course toward Cuba by the facts recommendations to be set forth in his report. Mr. Foraker has been a me ber of the Committee on Foreign Relations only since Tuesday last, and is therefore excusable, perhaps, for speaking with the candor and frankness not generally exhibited by a Senator longer in service upon the committee that deals with the important ion of diplomacy. The statement, however, is generally accepted as a semi-official ar councement that no action on the Cuban question will be taken by the Administration until . Calhoun returns and presents his report.

In the mean time there is reason to believe that the Administration and the Senate will act in such entire accord that the public will be piaced in possession of all information on the Cuban question proper to be made public, and that its publication will be followed by the prompt passage off the Morgan resolution. It is probable, moreover, that influences will be brought to bear upon the House of Representatives that will insure the passage of the resolu-tion by that body so that it can be signed by President McKinley during the present see

NEW YORK'S APPEAL FOR CUBA. Leading Bankers and Merchants Send a Poti-

HAVANA, May 12, via Key West.-It is now not only the Cubans who long for the interference of the United States in their favor. That is the general desire to-day even of those who a few months ago were among the most uncom promising Spaniards. To such an extent has this feeling developed that many important business men here. Spaniards and Cubans alike, have informed their correspondents in the United States of the terrible situation on the island and the general destruction of wealth consequent upon the war. They have pointed out also the heavy loss of American capital and the great damage to American commerce in flicted by the continuation of hostilities. More than \$100,000,000 has been lost by America merchants, manufacturers, producers, and noney lenders in Cuba, and the embargo upon mercantile operations since 1895 represents a much larger sum.

I have the best authority for saying that as a suit of these representations from here a number of the important bankers and merchants of ew York who have business relations with Casa have presented a petition to the American Wernment referring to the state of affairs in Cubs and the desirability that the United

M'KINLEY'S CUBAN POLICY. States should do something to stop the dire distress of this country, particularly in view of the destruction it is working to American interest The petition has the signatures of A. Belmont & Co., Lawrence Turnure & Co., T. E. Ward & Co., and other prominent houses of New York.

The authorized letter from New York giving the text of the petition and the signatures to it was shown to the correspondent of THE SUN by a prominent Spanish banker here, whose name cannot be revealed for obvious reasons.

"This is the only solution." he said to me, "and what is urgently needed is that it come soon, before the country is totally destroyed and nothing remains of the island of Cuba but a heap of ashes. This country is ruined if the United States does not interfere soon. Spain is unable to overcome the revolution, and the war. without any clear end in sight, has assumed the most barbarous and destructive character.

What has precipitated this attitude of the business people in Cuba is the paper money question. The issue of \$30,000,000 of paper by the Government and the forcing it upon the people by Gen. Weyler as a legal tender mean the ruin of every one who has property or business here. Before Monday's run on the Spanish Bank of the Island of Cubs, the newspapers here segan to advise the Government of the evil in the mild terms permitted by the press censor. La Lucha went so far as to say: "If the Government does not take prompt measures on the currency question, it will not be surprising if a

grave crisis should occur."

But the only remedy, which is to redeem in gold the \$30,000,000 of the paper issue, is not within the power of the Government to apply, Gen. Weyler's only answer is that the paper money is wrongly and criminally depreciated. its value being fully guaranteed. He threatens to arrest and deport as enemies of Spain those who do not agree with his views; and his stubborn attitude makes the situation much worse. All commercial transactions are paralyzed. The general panic is increased by the fear that the Government, notwithstanding the present distress, may make still another issue of paper money.

La Lucka suggests also that the proprietors and inspirers of the Diario de la Marina are inciting the people to act against the Government on the paper money question. The men of the Diario belong to the ancient Reformist party, and most of them are Spaniards.

Every one here says that the present situation cannot endure much longer. Havana is ruined and the distress caused by the fearful poverty that now prevails is aggravated by the epidemics brought here by Spanish soldiers, which are threatening to depopulate the capital and the whole country. Eight thousand persons are sick now from smallpox. More than 5,000 soldiers are dying from yellow fever in the hospitals, which are overcrowded. To show how terrible is the situation from a sanitary point of view, it is enough to say that the rate of mortality this year is estimated at 40 per cent of the total population. Summer is at hand, the heat is now extreme, all the maladies are increasing, and Cuba has become a great danger for America.

Those who have no business and no money to lose also look to the United States to save their lives, believing that the interference of America to stop the war will remove the great cause of this extraordinary mortality.

Outside of Havana, in addition to these epidemics, famine is raging. Last week 200 persons died of hunger in Santa Clara province, 150 in Matanzas, 50 in Havana, and over 100 in

The war is waging more flercely than ever. The average of daily engagements in all the provinces is now eighty-eight.

SUN REPORTER ARRESTED IN CURA.

to Guira de Meiena. The uses the Cubans.

The forces of San Quintin at San Pedro and Guiferrer, also in Havana, had an engagement lasting two hours with the Cubana, and lost twelve killed and eighteen wounded.

News from Madrid says that the Bank of Spain has signed, through its representatives, a contract to advance the Government 200,000,000 nesets.

contract to advance the Government 200,000,-000 pesetas.

Senor Canovas has declared to the press that it is untrue that the Government intends to modify the electoral system in Cubs. The elec-tions, when the reforms are established, will be according to the old law, that is to say, the Spanish residents and not the native Cubans will be the voters.

MORTALLY HURT BY A CAMEL. It Had Never Seen the "Streets of Cairo" and

It Broke a Trainer's Skull. In the cargo of the steamship Alesia, which arrived on Sunday, were twelve camels consigned to various "Streets of Cairo" companies. Six were sent to Nashville, Tenn., and the rest to Coney Island, to be trained. Among those sent to Coney Island was a vicious black one, young and unbroken. He was the worst of the lot, and was given to Maureey Hassen to break.

Yesterday afternoon Hassen drove the camel about the inclosure for some time. Then the tom-tom player was told to start his music. Hassen was behind the camel when the noise began. The beating of the drums frightened the camel and it became unmanageable. It kicked at Hassen, striking him in the head and in the stumach. Hassen was knocked against a post in the camel stable. It is thought that the base of his skull was fractured, and seven of his ribs were broken.

his skull was fractured, and seven of his rios were broken.

The camel then ran into two other camels, knocking them down, and kicked two stalls to pieces, before the camel tamers could subdue the beast. In the struggle several tamers were knocked down, but none of them was hurt badly. Dr. Ward, who attended Hassen, said that the man would die before this morning.

MEXICAN SILVER.

The Fluctuations in its Prices Are Worrying

Merchants There. CITY OF MEXICO, May 12 .- The continual fall in silver and rise in the price of exchange is causing consternation in commercial clahere that deal in merchandise imported from abroad. Bankers here say that exchange will yet rise, and the general opinion is that they are right. The dry goods importers, all French, are

right. The dry goods importers, all French, are
the principal sufferers, and the alarming fluctuations is exchange play havoc with them in the
pricing of their goods.

Importers of American merchandise are also
sufferers, though the longer credit given by
French sellers makes it worse for the purchasers of French goods than on deals made
with American firms which do business only on
short time.

Shrewd American merchants here have been
paying their bills by shipments of coffee and
cigars to New York. In the last thirty days
well-known brands of cigars in Vera Crus have
risen 40 per cent. in price.

risen 40 per cent. in price.

The fall in silver is equal to a strong protection policy for this republic, and at the same time is encouraging the investment of foreign capital. The steady influx of American money is most remarkable, and the same tendency is now seen in London, where endless companies are being formed to open up unexplored regions in Mexico.

Premium ou Gold in Mexico.

MEXICO CIFF, May 12.—Gold sold at a premium of 108 here to-day.

The most efficient morning laxative is Tarrant's Efferyment feiteer Aperient. 50a and \$1; all drog-

O'BRIEN JUMPS ON OLCOTT.

A FIERCE CLASH OF AUTHORITIES OVER ROBBER DALTON'S CASE.

The Chief of Beteetives, Nettled by Reflection on His Bureau, Hints Collusion with Crocks on the Part of the District Attorney's Office -Revelations About the Breatano Robbery.

Capt, John O'Brien, the chief of the Detective Bureau, made a sensational statement last night in connection with the confession of Robber Dan Dalten. He intimates that the District Attorney's office is guilty of neglect, delay, and other improper things, and that the criminal classes have allies among politicians, financiers, and high officials, who covertly aid them to escape punishment. The statement is the outcome of the visit of the boss detective to the District Attorney's office on Tuesday, and the stories which were printed about that visit in yesterday morning's papers, some of which

were correct and some not.

Dalton is one of the men who held up Henry D. Hildebrandt, a collector for George Ehret's brewery, eight months ago, and robbed him of \$4,000. Dalton pleaded guilty yester-day before Recorder Goff to robbery in the first degree, first offence. He had been indicted for second offence, which carries with it twice the maximum penalty of twenty years for a first offence robbery. It was after the court pro-ceedings and after a day of hard thinking that the head detective turned himself loose in the presence of a typewriter and made remarks. Among other things he said :

"There has been much ill treatment bestowed upon the members of the police force of late years, in the higher criminal courts, while endeavoring to secure trials of criminals whom they have arrested. Many police officials can tell of their past experiences when attending the higher courts with witnesses, who after such attendance from day to day have made complaint of the non-trial of their cases, and have been met by the remark from Assistant District Attorneys 'that the Police Department is not running the District At-torney's Office.' This is a very ancient bewhiskered bluff, made to hide the neglect, delay, or other improper action on the part of such prosecuting officials, and is generally uncalled

"So far as the business transacted at this bureau is concerned everything is as open as the light of day-nothing is concealed except when it is deemed proper in the best interests of the public. The results obtained during the last two years have established beyond doubt that there is no need whatever for any improper alliance between the police and the criminal classes in the conduct of its work. When mysterious murders or other important crimes are committed in this large community, which must be the case in the course of events, if we have no legal evidence to justify an arrest, we shall not, under any circumstances, furnish a victim to fill the gap to satisfy any public clamor, created by the public press. If there is a failure to clear up such crimes, it is because the surroundings and the circumstances are such that a solution for the time being is beyoud human energy. However, when arrests are made and legal evidence enough has been secured to obtain a conviction in such cases, as long as I remain in command of the Detective Bureau, I can neither be bribed, browbeaten nor ajoled into overlooking any improper proceed ings in the prosecution of such criminals, when the same is brought to my attention.

"I am out for all time to fight all the criminal classes (especially professional criminals) and their allies, whether interest in their behalf All He Has Ever Sent to This Paper Passed the Censes at Havana.

Havana, May 12, via Key West.—Eduardo Garcia Nattes, a correspondent of The Sun in Havana, has been arrested on account of the letters and despatches sent from here to your paper giving news unfavorable to the Spanish Government.

Señor Garcia is entirely innocent of these charges, as his cable despatches to The Sun have all been duly inspected by the censor at the Government's office in Havana. The correspondent who sends the news from the field is another man.

At Felix Piedra, near Guira de Males.

didn't think it was the work of professionals, and that was about the last thing that was heard of the case.

The boss detective, in his statement last night, went over the case of the robbery of Hildebrandt at some length, and asserted that the confession which Daiton made and which was printed in Tuesday's SUN had been in his possession since last September. He said that Daiton, who was then in the Tombs, had one of the keepers convey a message to him through Detective Sergeant McNaught of the District Attorney's office to the effect that he (Daiton) desired O'Brien to call on him. The Captain's statement then declares:

"I immediately called this matter to the attention of Vernon M. Davis, then acting District Attorney, an arrangement was then made whereby, with the consent of Joseuh Moss. Daiton's counsel, he was brought over to Mr. Davis, private office, and there, in the presence of Mr. Davis, Mr. Moss, and myself, he made a the outset stated that he intended to make a confession to me on the day of his arrest, and had so told Detectives Reidy and Reilly, but that when he had been returned from court and was about to be placed in his cell by the officer who made the arrest, the latter demanded that he (Daiton) tell him who his confederates were, and that when Daiton refused to do so the officer said to him: You are going to tell everything to them downtown people (meaning the Detective Bureau), and then assaulted him and beat him almost into insensibility, and on account of this ill-treatment he had felt sore and had made up his mind not to tell anything. He said further that since his arrest he had become satisfied that he had been thrown down or jobbed by the parties implicated with him, from the fact that he was led to believe that the measure in milicated with him, from the fact that he was led to believe that the measure in milicated in Brentano's safe robbery with Tom McCormack, who died recently: Big Frank McCoy, Billy Forrester, and others, who took no active part in the robbery, the lineide work

Frank McCoy, Billy Forrester, and others, who took no active part in the robbery, the inside work having actually been performed by Tom Monaghan and himself.

"He claimed that after looting Brentano's safe, he and Tom Monaghan proceeded to Tom McCormack's house on West Twenty-seventh street, where the money was all placed on the floor and divided into six parts. Dalton demanded one-third of the whole amount of the proceeds, and objected to receiving any less, but, however, was compelled to receive one-sixth part of the Brentano booty. There had been everal quarrels afterward about the same, and Dalton had been convinced since his incarceration for the Hildebrandt robbery that Noble and McCoy had consived at his downfall so as to get him out of the way and at the same time secure the proceeds of his latest robbery.

"Dalton then went on and related to District Attorney Davis and myself all the circumstances relating to the Brentano safe robbery and the Hildebrandt robbery, and by the express desire of his counsel and himself, and with the consent of District Attorney Davis, he has been allowed to remain in the Tombs prison, while every opportunity has been given him to obtain some corroboration as to his confession which would result in the Indictment of his confederates. At the same time all efforts on the part of members of this bureau assigned to this case have not resulted in securing sufficient evidence to corroborate Dalton's statement. Nevertheless, I am thoroughly satisfied that Dalton's confession is true in every particular, and ex-Assistant District Attorney Davis will bear me out in the fact that I had called on him from time to time, up to his resigning from the District Attorney's office, and that at no time could be obtained to justify an indictment against Dalton's confederates. It may be well to state here that the positive identification of Miller, the confederate of Balton, who escaped, was thoroughly destroyed by the improper action of Capt. Moynihan he doubt emanated from Dalton's confederat

A DEAD MAN AT THE HELM.

PATE OF THE OFERDUE SCHOONER GEN. SIGLIN.

lighted in the Pacific Dismested and Waterlogged, and Abandoned by All Save the Lone Figure of Mate Saunders Lashed Over the Wheel-Se Tidings of the Minsing Crew.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The little schooner Gen. Siglin is toesing on the stormy north Pacific Ocean, wrecked and derelict and manned by the dead. The vessel, dismasted and waterlogged, with a solitary corpse for her crew, was seen by the sailing schooner Willard Ainsworth on May 5, about 110 miles west of the Queen Charlotte Islands and directly in the track of the flerce storms that sweep across the Pacific at this season. The body at the wheel was that of Harry Saunders, the schooner's mate. Assistant District Attorney Lloyd declares that an alleged interview with himself printed in one of the yellow journals, and making him say that Capt. O'Brien had delayed Dalton's trial to protect Dan Noble, is a lie. He says he never made such a statement.

Capt. Crockett in giving the first authentic news of the overdue schooner's loss, said the Gen. Siglin lay on her starboard side deep under the water at her bow and with her stern

well above the waves.

The mainmast had been broken off close to the deck, and it was dragging after. Lashed to the iron davits astern and directly over the wheel, that whirled back and forth as the waves washe under the rudder, was the body of Mate Saun ders, dressed in oilskins. A weather-beaten sou' wester still remained on his head. He had lashed himself to one of the davits and there the body hung in the lashings. The left hand trailed over the vessel's rail and on its third finger was a plain gold ring. The face was pinched and

drawn as if in suffering. On the taffrail beside the body were a couple of boxes lashed firmly with a rope. It was Capt. oon as the news reached Huntsville Sheriff Crockett's opinion that the boxes contained food. The boats were gone and the Ainsworth's maser said the falls in the davits to which the dead mate was lashed looked as The crime the women were charged with was the poisoning of Joshua O. Kelly's family at Jeff. if they had been used in launching them. This gives a faint hope that the crew may have es-caped in boats and been picked up, but this The first poisoning occurred two months ago, and resulted in the death of Mr. Kelly. The chance is slight, as they were out of the track of

> YOU MUST STAND WHILE DRINKING and the Barkeeper Must Be of High Character or You Can't Drink at All to Pemona.

Pomona, Cal., May 12.-Pomona has just dopted the most remarkable high-license liquor ordinance known in California and possibly anywhere. It provides for licensing two saloons. Each is to pay \$1,000 per year in advance. The saloon keeper must give bonds in the sum of \$5,000 that shall be forfeited in case he fails to observe the law under which he is licensed. The saloons must be run in single apartments with no annexes or wings, and in buildings fronting on streets. Half of the front of the saloons must be of glass, no painted or frosted glass or screens being allowed. The view from the street must be free and unobstructed, and no billiards, cards or any game shall be played. Only one seat, that for the barkeeper, will be allowed, and even casks will not be allowed for customers to lean or sit upon. There must be no back doors or windows. The saloon keeper will forfeit his license and bond if he sells to a minor or a woman or to a man concerning whom there has been a complaint by his wife, sister, son, mother or daughter, or if a man is

an habitual drinker. TRENTON, N. J., May 12.-The responsibility The barkeeper must first be approved by the for the error making necessary a special session of the Legislature has been located. To-day City Council as a respectable citizen. Saloons must be open only from 5 A. M. to 10 P. M. on Miss Margaret Williams, s clerk in Dairy Comweek days on pain of immediate forfeiture of missioner McGuire's office, admitted that the the bonds.

Notwithstanding these stringent regulations many persons are anxious to secure one of the two licenses for saloons in Pomona.

brought her the skeleton of an Assembly bill and COLLEGE STUDENTS CLUBBED. asked her to copy it and at the same time to Row at the Greve City Institution and Five Men Sent to the Mosnital.

assed her to copy it and at the same time to copy into it at the proper place the text of the amendments which had passed the Legislature.

Miss Williams says she copied the paragraphs and Mr. Bergen took the bill away without comparing it. In the closing hours it was rushed through both houses without reading.

This explanation relieves the Senate engrossing department. The error is not in one of the amendments, but in the Assembly bill, which Miss Williams was asked to copy and which provides for submission of the amendments to SHARON, Pa., May 12.-The hostilities among the students of Grove City College were renewed yesterday with increasing violence, and not less than five of the students are in the hospital suffering from injuries inflicted with ball bats. The Westminister Ball Club of New Wilpopular rote on Sept. 28. The only expense for the special session will be for the services of a minister to make the opening prayer. The mem-bers, officers, and clerks are paid by the year. ington played a game of ball on the Grove City grounds yesterday and were defeated. When the teams were leaving the grounds the clash came. The players grabbed ball bats and went at each other.

Pitcher Wilhelm of the college team was struck on the left arm and a bone was broken. He continued to use his right flat until he was Recontinue to use his right list until he was knocked down by a severe blow over the head. He was carried off the field unconscious. The spectators crowded around the players, and six policemen were unable to beat them back, although they used their clubs. The row was finally stopped and the injured players taken to the Mercer Hospital. Five received cuts and bruises, and two of them are in a serious condition.

RAN THE SHEEP HERDER OUT. War Between the Sheep Raisers and the Realdents Near Kirby Creek, Wy.

Marion Sims Medical College, where it was being preserved for dissection.

The boy, disappointed in love, left his home a
year ago and came West seeking employment in
this city. He worked at odd jobs until taken
sick two months ago, when he was removed to
the city Hospital from his lodging house. He
died of pneumonia on Easter Sunday. He concealed his identity at the hospital, and his body
was turned over to the medical college. The
lodging house keeper learning of the disposition
of the body notified Mr. Collins. CASPER, Wy., May 12.-Early this spring the settlers in the country around the head of Kirby Creek, about forty miles north and west of Lost Cabin, established a dead line and sent out notice that no sheep could be run into the Kirby Creek country. The Woodruff Bros. have pas tured there for the past eight years, and started in again this spring. On last Saturday sixteen men visited one of their camps, took the herder into custody, and drove the ewe herd across the mountain, leaving the lambs behind. This means a loss of over \$6,000 to the Woodruff Brothers Company. J. D. Woodruff left here this morning for Rirby Creek. It is his intention to take the herd back to Kirby Creek and see that it stays there for the summer.

LIGHTNING'S PLAY IN BROOKLYN. A Plagpole Shattered, Three Men Shocked, and fessed and is under arrest, with Dick Dodd, a gambler of this city. Stevens also implicates three Chicago crooks.

The Sheriff went to Chicago with requisition papers and arrested the men this evening. The confession of Stevens was made when he was confronted with some of the evidence by one of the detectives. He at first tried to tell a story of three men forcing him to aid them in committing the robbery, but afterward went before the Grand Jury and told the whole story. He and Dodd were then arrested.

Trolley Care Stalled. The flagpole over the dry goods building of A. D. Matthews & Sons at 400 Fulton street was struck and shattered by lightning yesterday evening. The loud crash, followed by a shower of broken wood on the sidewalk, startled the pedestrians.

William H. Cornell of 161 Livingston street, windam in Cornell of 161 Livingston street,
Policeman Honahue, and another man were
sheltering themselves under the store awning
when the crash came. They were all shocked
and Cornell dropped to the sidewalk and remained apparently in a dead faint for a few minutes. The building was not damaged.
The storm disturbed the Nassau Electric
road's system, and the trolley cars on some of
the lines were stalled for fifteen minutes.

WHO LOST THESE PIGEONS? Feet and Tage of Carriers Found to a Duck Mawk's Nest.

In a duck hawk's nest, which has just been added to the collection of the Museum of Natural History by R. B. Potter, are the feet, with metal tags intact, of several carrier pigeons, which will explain to some pigeon fancier which will explain to some pigeon fanciers about New York what became of their birds. The nest was found on the Palisades of the lower Hudson, near Englewood, and besides twigs and sticks and the feathers of bive lays blackbirds, yellow hammers, robins, woodcock, &c., had the feet of the following pigeons, as identified by their tags:

C-20900 Ex. 705 6-1594 9976-8 1696 2, 69.77 Three young hawks in the downy state of growth and the female bird are also with the

Fire Loss of \$500,000 in San Francisco re started in the tannery of A. B. Patrick & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—Early this morning The loss to plant and stock is estimated at from \$400,000 to \$425,000. Almost simultaneously five tenement houses on Telegraph Hill were burned, the families occupying them barely escaping with their lives. The loss by this five is about \$75,000.

MACLEAN, M. P., SAT UPON. The Canadian Government Refuses to Exclude

OTTAWA, May 12 .- In respect to the interpellation of the Government by Maclean, M. P., regarding THE SUN'S article on the Queen of

England, the Postmaster-General has replied as "The attention of the department has not been called to the article in ougstion, nor have I myself seen it. I have inquired from the secretary of my department, who informs me that the department has never yet suppressed any foreign newspaper coming into Canada simply because it might contain an attack upon any

THIRD RAIL SYSTEM A SUCCESS.

members of the royal family.

Precident Clark of the New Haven Bond Says Locomotives May Go Into the Scrap Heap Boston, May 12.-President C. P. Clark of the ew Haven Railroad says of the third rail electric system:

You may tell everybody who is engaged in investing his own or anybody else's money in lines competitive with steam roads that they cannot prosper when the day comes to lay down third rails in this country. There is neither malice in this statement nor a desire to injure anybody. Our locomotives may go into the scrap heap, as the old stage coaches had to go."

AT PEACE WITH THE VAOUIS. A Treaty Between the Indians and Mexico Will Be Ratified on Saturday.

Nogates, Ariz., May 12.-Arrangements are being made for a conference for the ratification of a treaty of peace between the Mexican Government and the Yaqui Indians at Ortiz on Saturday, the 15th inst.

On that date Juan Maldonado, chief of the Yaquis, known among his tribe as Tetabec, will be at Ortiz with about 4,000 Yaquis, of fully 1,000 are well armed and well drilled. making one of the finest bodies of fighting men of the size in the world, who have successfully withstood through many years all attempts of the Mexican Government, with large forces under command of some of their ablest Generals, to suppress them. The war has been over the possession of territory in the great Yaqui

A DEER LEAPED INTO THE TENDER. A Long Island Train Runs Into a Big Herd

SAYVILLE, L. I., May 12 .- A special train running from Long Island City to Patchogue at a late hour last night crashed into a herd of deer at Oakdale. The animals seemed dazed by the headlight on the engine. Two of them were killed outright, while others were injured.

One of the maddened animals jumped, it is said, up past the cab and landed in the middle of the coal-laden tender. The fireman attempted to capture it with a heavy fire rake, but t he could reach it the deer made a will jump from the flying engine and dashed away into the woods, seemingly unburt. It is reported that the train which returned to New York the same night picked up the two dead deer. Every night deer come from the woods to eat

the grass in the fields along the tracks.

ATTEMPT TO SINK A SHIP. Hole Bored in Her Hull- 1,800 Tens of Sugar Were on Board.

HONOLULU, May 5 .- An attempt was made to uttle the big American ship Indiana in Hilo last week. Some person bored a hole through the hull of the vessel sixteen feet from the stern. through which the water rushed at such a rate that the ship's pumps were insufficient to keep the hold dry.

The vessel was lying at anchor in the bay with a cargo of 1,800 tons of sugar in the hold. The leak was discovered only after thorough search. To keep the ship dry it was necessary to secure a steam pump from shore at a cost of \$500 per day. The hole had been bored with an inch and a half auger, penetrating four inches of planking, but tearing only a small hole in the copper bottom. Four sailors who afterward deserted are under suspicion.

Mr. Blandford of Kentucky Is in Washington Seeking Office-New Man Chosen.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 12.-Speaker Charles Blandford of the Kentucky House of Representatives is in Washington in pursuit of a Federal office. He has been there so long, and has given no sign of returning, that his fellow legislators to-day moved that a new Speaker be elected. The motion was adopted, and M. T. Flippin of Monroe county was chosen to succeed Mr. Blandford. Nobody said anything about the election being pro tem., but it is supposed Mr. Flippin will yield when Mr. Blandford returns.

CONVENTION OF CRIPPLES.

It Will Meet to Consider How to Improve the Condition of the Maimed.

St. Louis, May 12 .- A convention of cripples has been called by the management of the St. Louis Exposition to meet in that institution the second week in September. The object is ameliorate the condition of the maimed, and the

ameliorate the condition of the maimed, and the convention will have three distinct features—the assembling of cripples, the meeting of surgeons, and the exhibit of artificial limbs.

In order that the attendance may be large, railroad and labor unions in general have been communicated with, and hundreds from points all over the United States have agreed to send delegates who have lost either an arm or a leg. Grand Army mosts have also promised to interest lelegates who have lost either an arm or a leg. Frand Army posts have also promised to interest

MR. LAUTERBACH'S MIND MADE UP. Not Likely to Alter His Determination to Bester as Head of the Republican County Machine.

Senator Platt returned to Washington yesterday afternoon. Before his departure he had another talk with President Edward Lauterbach of the Republican County Committee, and again urged him to reconsider his determination to rearged him to reconsider his determination to resign as President of the committee. Mr. Lauterbach repeated that the severe illness of Mrs. Lauterbach demanded his retirement, and possibly a long trip abroad.

Senator Platt may return to New York early next week; but in any event, unless the programme is changed, Mr. Lauterbach will resign his place on Thursday next at the meeting of the County Committee.

CAPT. GAINES REFUSED TO RESIGN. The Hunter Bribery Charges in Kentucky

Cause Trouble is a Military Company. FRANKFORT, Ky., May 12.-A petition of wenty-five members of the McCreary Guards was presented to Capt. Noel Gaines at his company's drill to-night, asking for his resignation on account of the indictments against Hunter. Wilson, and Franks in the bribery cases. He re-duced Sergeants Choate and Thomasson, who presented the petition, to the ranks and refused to resign. Hunter was indicted on Gaines's testimony.

Earthquake Shocks in Mexico. GUADALAJARA, Mexico, May 12 .- A series of

earthquake shocks have been felt in the mountain districts of the State of Jalisco. At San Gabriel some damage was done. The shocks were felt distinctly here.

\$550,000 Gold Withdraws. Washington, May 12.-Notice was received

at the Treasury Department to-day that Baring. Magoun & Co. had withdrawn \$550,000 in gol from the Sub-Treasury in New York for expor-on account of Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston

No Hope for Ex-Senator Coke's Recovery Waco, Tex., May 12.- The condition of Rich-

ard Coke, ex-United States Senator, who was stricken with paralysis several days ago, is un-changed. The attending physicians hold out no hope of his recovery and sey the end is near.

NO ARMISTICE IN SIGHT.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE POWERS DEMAND IT BUT THE

SULTAN MAKES NO ANSWER YET.

da Will Refrain from Compelling the Turks to Leave Thougaty. The Greek Garcrument Much Embarramed by the Below to Arranging an Armintice-Peeling in Athena That It Would Be Better to Fight on Than to Accept Humiliating Terms-Three Bays of Rain Have Severely Tried the Greek Troops Who Have No Tents-Turkey Is Reorganizing the Provinces in Thessaly-Seeat Excitement in Crete Over the Becali of the Greek Soldiers - A Greek Topprde Bent Captures a Turkish Vessel.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SEX. London, May 12.- The question which is realthe key and the test of the whole Eastern situation was raised to-day at Constantinople, when the Ambassadors submitted to the Sultan a peremptory demand that he direct a cessation of hostilities in order that peace negotiations could be undertaken. There is grave fear in diplomatic circles that the Sultan will prove stiff necked and that he will resist all serious attempts at European control. The belief is growing that the effect of the easy Turkish victories will be to increase the difficulty of the whole Eastern problem.

Pessimistic reports from Constantinople and Paris assert that hope is almost gone of reducing the Porte even to the partial pliability which it displayed before the war. It is believed that the scheme of reforms for the Ottoman Empire which was agreed to in December must be wholly abandoned. The agreement between Russia and Austria will not much improve the situation, because the attitude of France is becoming more philo-Greek in sympathy with England. The Sultan's reply to the demand of the powers for an armistice had not been received at a late hour to-night.

Despatches from Athens show that the feeling there wavers between uneasiness because of the delay in receiving the reply and optimism based upon the hitherto peaceful attitude of the Ottoman troops, which suggests that Edhem Pasha has already been instructed to hold them in hand.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard, adhering to the pessimistic view. declares that the proposal for an armistice is far from palatable to the Turks, who fear that they will be deprived of the fruits of their victory. He adds that, in view of the excited state of public feeling, it is to be hoped that the powers are prepared for the possibility of having to enforce their demands.

Hitherto Russia alone has been in a position to act promptly. It is no secret that abe has 100,000 troops, armed and equipped, on the shores of the Black Sea, and that transports are ready to land them anywhere in thirty-six hours. At the same time Russia does not pretend to conceal her anger with Greece, or her intention to refrain from compelling the Turks to evacuate Thessalv

The Telegraph's Constantinople correspondent says that the attitude of the Sultan shows resentment against the powers for intervening. and that unless he is allowed to treat with Greece directly he is likely to be exacting in his demands.

The Athens correspondent of the Times says that owing to the delay in arranging an armie tice the Greek Government to-day addressed strong representations to the diplomats repudibloodshed, which might be attended by serious complications.

Prime Minister Ralli informed the corresponddent that the Government was in a serious predicament, having made large sacrifices, copecially in accepting autonomy for Crete, which neither Great Britain nor Russia demanded.

It had thus compromised itself in the eyes of both the Greeks and Cretans without obtaining a positive guarantee that Turkey would consent to an armistice. Should the war be continued the position of the Government would be most unenviable. Meanwhile, the continued absence of telegrams from Gen. Smolenits causes much anxiety.

A despatch to the Chronicle from Athens, sent at a late hour to night, says that the Government has reason to be dissatisfied with the information it received to night respecting the tendency of the situation in diplomatic quarters, and that there is a growing opinion that it would be better to continue the strougle than to submit to terms wounding the national honor.

Some of the powers are inclined to favor the payment by Greece of a small indemnity, a rectification of the frontier in favor of Turkey, and a limitation of the Greek fleet. Greece, the correspondent declares, would never accept this. He remarks that the wording of the joint note reserves to Greece the right to reject the terms that the powers shall decide upon, and says that the Government insisted upon the em-ployment of the word "intrust," instead of 'abandon," in reference to handing its interests to the powers.

In an interview to-day Sir Charles Dilke, M. P. who is generally accepted as an authority on foreign affairs, said that he had great confidence in King George of Greece, who was one of the ablest statesmen living. Greece's interests, Sir Charles added, would be better cared for in his hands than in the hands of his Ministers. Moreover, the King was on good personal terms with

the Sultan. A despatch to the Daily News from Dhomoke, the present headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly, says that a three days' rain has greatly tried the troops, whose tents and blankets were abandoned in the flight from the frontier. The fresh reserves from Athens are wearing summer uniforms, and have no overcoats to protect them from the inciemency of the weather. The men are hollow-eyed, and coughing is heard all over the camp. Nevertheless, their spirits are high, and all are burning to purge themselves of the reproach of flight.

Despatches received here this morning from correspondents with the Turkish army in Thes saly say that Edhem Pasha has estabhis headquarters upon a hill opposite Pharsala, and that an important engagement is expected almost immediately. No orders to cease hostilities have yet been received by the Turkish Commander-in-Chief, and it is believed that Ethem desires to give the Greeks a coup de grace before any such la-

Advices received here this evening from correspondents at the headquarters of the Turkish army say that the Turks continue to advance under Edhem Pasha's original orders to march to Athens.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.-The Turkish Minister of the Interior has reorganized the | conquered Greek provinces in Thessaly upon